

Benefits of Broad-Based Option Pay*

Roman Inderst[†] Holger M. Müller[‡]

March 2004

Abstract

This paper examines the optimal structure of a firm's aggregate wage bill. Rents promised to employees drive a wedge between total firm output and the share received by the firm's owners, thus distorting the owners' exit (i.e., liquidation, sale) decisions. In an optimal contracting framework, we show that the unique optimal aggregate wage structure is to grant all employees an option on the firm's cash flow. Broad-based option pay minimizes the firm's total wage cost in states where the firm is only marginally profitable, thus minimizing the wedge between total output and the owners' share of it in exactly those states where, e.g., a fixed wage would lead the firm's owners to (inefficiently) exit. If there is a subsistence requirement, employees additionally receive a base wage.

*We thank George Baker, Jennifer Carpenter, Robert Gibbons, Paul Grout, Stijn van Nieuwerburgh, David Webb, and seminar participants at New York University, London School of Economics, INSEAD, University of Bristol, and the Harvard-MIT Economics of Organizations workshop for helpful comments and suggestions. Inderst acknowledges financial support from the Financial Markets Group (FMG).

[†]London School of Economics & CEPR. Address: Department of Economics & Department of Accounting and Finance, London School of Economics, Houghton Street, London WC2A 2AE. Email: r.inderst@lse.ac.uk.

[‡]New York University & CEPR. Address: Department of Finance, Stern School of Business, New York University, 44 West Fourth Street, Suite 9-190, New York, NY 10012. Email: hmueller@stern.nyu.edu.